Printed pages:	EEC101.
(Following paper code and roll No. to	be filled in your answer book)
Paper code: 3302 Roll No.	

ODD

B. Tech. Semester Examination,



Time: 3krs.

Max. Marks: 100

Subject: Electronics Engineering

Note: (1) Attempt ALL questions.

(2) ASSUME ALL MISSING DATA.

SECTION A

Attempt all questions. [10*2=20]

(a) What is depletion layer in the context of semiconductor diode.

(b) Draw the V-I characteristic of a zener diode and explain how a zener diode regulates the voltage.

(c) How the two transistor junctions must be biased for proper operation of a transistor amplifier.

(d) Sketch in input and output characteristics (V-I) of a CE NPN transistor configuration with proper labels.

(e) What is major difference between a bipolar and unipolar device.

(f) What is the main difference between the construction of an enhancement type MOSFET and depletion type MOSFET?

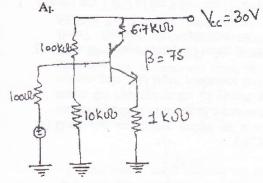
(g) Write the properties of an ideal Op-Amp.

(h) What is BCD? Where it is used?

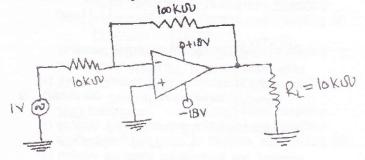
- (i) What maximum voltage can be measured by a 3 and ¼ digit voltmeter having a resolution of 100mV?
- (j) Explain Karnough map (K-Map) and its use.

SECTION B

- 2. Attempt any three of the following. All question carry equal marks. [10*3=16] 30
- (a) What is ripple factor? Derive the expression of ripple factor. What is the value of ripple factor for half wave and full wave rectifier?
- (b) For single stage CE amplifier shown in figure. Calculate the following (i) A_v (ii) R_i (iii) R_o (iv)



(c) Draw and derive the expression for an integrator with an OP-Amp. For the circuit shown in figure, find the closed -loop gain, input impedance and common-mode rejection ration.



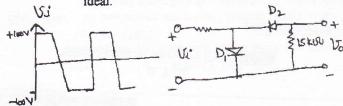
(d) Explain the working of CRO using neat block diagram. How voltage and frequency can be measured using CRO?

SECTION C

- Answer any TWO part of the following: [5*2=10]
- (a) Explain the working of an enhance type MOSFET with help of Characteristic curves.
- (b) Explain the application of zener diode as shunt regulator.
- (c) Describe the biasing of transistors.
- 4. Answer any TWO part of the following [5*2=10]
 - (a) Minimize the function given below using K-Map.

$$f(A, B, C, D) = \sum_{m} (0,2,3,6,7,9,12,15) + \sum_{m} d(1,4,10,11)$$
(b) Explain the basic construction and principle

- (b) Explain the basic construction and principle of operation of JFET. Also explain the maximum drain saturation current.
- (c) Explain the working principle of digital voltmeter.
- 5. Answer any TWO part of the following [5*2=10]
 - (a) Sketch the output voltage V₀ for the circuit shown in figure, assume diodes D₁ and D₂ are ideal.

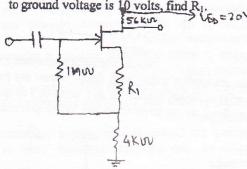


(b) Explain the basic construction and principle of operation of BJT.

(c) Explain the CS and CD configurations of JFET amplifiers.

6. Attempt any TWO of the following [5*2=10]

(a) The N-Channel JFET as shown in figure has I_{DSS}=1.5mA, V_P=-1.5V. If the quiescent drain to ground voltage is 10 volts, find R₁.



- (b) Draw the equivalent circuit of a common emitter amplifier in terms of h-parameter also obtain the expression for (i) circuit gain (ii) voltage gain (iii) input resistance (iv) output resistance.
- (c) What is voltage multiplier using p-n junction diode? Explain the operation of voltage doublers.

7. Answer any TWO of the following [5*2=10]

- (a) Construct logic circuits using INVERTER, AND and OR gates for the Boolean expression
 - (i) $X = \overline{C + AB}$
 - (ii) $Y = AB + \overline{BC}$
- (b) Perform the subtraction of the following unsigned binary numbers using the 2's compliments of the subtrahend
 - (i) $(1101)_2 (101100)_2$
 - (ii) $(11.01)_2 (0001.1110)_2$

(c) Explain the half wave and full wave rectifier Circuit using P-N Junction diode.