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d) Find  $\frac{du}{dt}$  as a total derivative and verify the result by

direct substitution if  $u = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  and  $x = e^{2t}$ ,

 $y = e^{2t} \cos 3t \,, \quad z = e^{2t} \sin 3t \,.$ 

- e) Trace the curve  $y^2(2a-x) = x^3$ .
- f) Find the curve  $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$ .
- 2 Attempt any TWO parts :

10x2=20

- a) Expand  $e^x \log(1+y)$  in powers of x and y up to terms of third degree.
- b) A rectangle box open at the top is to have 32cubic ft. Find the dimensions of the box requiring least material for its construction.

c) Find 
$$\frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(r, \theta, \phi)}$$
 if  $x = \sqrt{vw}, y = \sqrt{uw}, z = \sqrt{uv}$  and

 $u = r \sin \theta \cos \phi, v = r \sin \theta \sin \phi, w = r \cos \theta$ .

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[ Contd...

Attempt any TWO parts :

Reduce A to Echelon form and then to its row canonical a)

form where 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 11 & -5 & 3 \\ 2 & -5 & 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$
. Hence find the rank

of A.

- Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ . b) Hence find  $A^{-1}$ .
- Solve by calculating the inverse by elementary row c) operations:  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 0$ ,  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 4$ ,  $x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = -4$ ,  $x_1 - x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 2$ .

Attempt any TWO parts : 4

## 10x2=20

- Determine the area bounded by the curves xy = 2, a)  $4y=x^2$  and y = 4.
- Change the order of integration and evaluate b)

$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{x^{2}}^{2-x} xy dy dx$$

c) Find the volume and the mass contained in the solid

region in the first octant of the ellipsoid  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$ 

if the density at any point  $\rho(x, y, z) = kxyz$ .

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[ Contd...

3

Attempt any TWO parts :

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- a) If u=x+y+z,  $v=x^2+y^2+x^2$ , w=yz+zx+xy. Prove that grad u, grad v and grad w are coplanar.
- b) Verify Stokes theorem for  $F = (x^2 + y^2)I 2xyJ$  taken around the rectangle bounded by the lines  $x = \pm a$ , y = 0, y = b
- c) Evaluate  $\int_{S} (yzI + zxJ + xyK)$ . ds where S is the surface of the sphere  $x^2+y^2+x^2=a^2$  in the first octant.

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