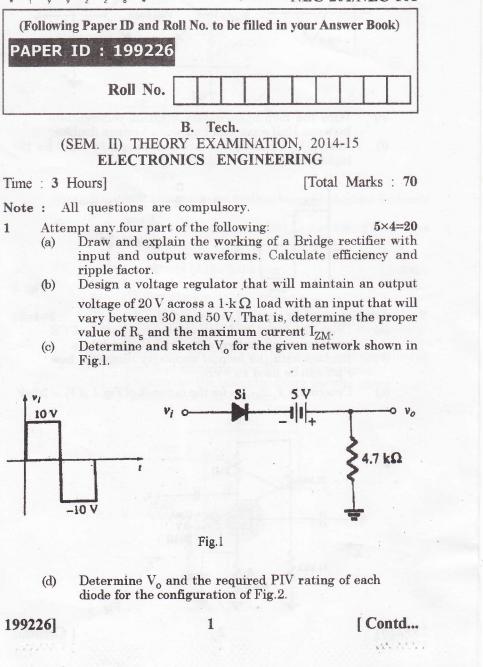
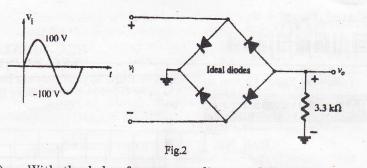
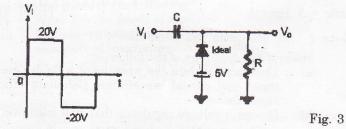
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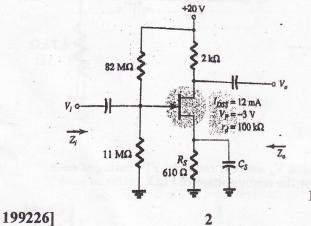
- (e) With the help of necessary diagram differentiate between Half wave and Full wave Voltage doubler.
 (f) Sketch V_o for the given network shown in Fig.3 for the given network s
- (f) Sketch V_0 for the given network shown in Fig.3 for the input shown



Attempt any four parts of the following:

2

- (a) Draw the input and output characteristics of CE npn transistor configuration with proper labels.
- (b) Explain with the help of necessary diagrams how FET can be used as VVR.
- (c) Determine Z_i, Z_O, V_O for the network of Fig.4 if $V_i = 20mV$

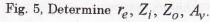


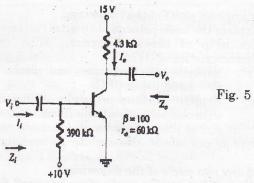


[Contd...

5×4=20

For the common emitter or fixed bias configuration in





- (e) Explain the construction and working of n channel depletion type MOSFET.
- Derive the stability factor $S(I_{co})$ for the Fixed bias (f) configuration.

Attempt any two parts of the following:

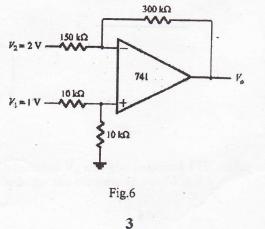
 $10 \times 2 = 20$

Explain: (a)

(b)

3

- Differentiator circuit using Op-Amp. (i)
- Non-Inverting amplifier using Op-Amp. (ii)
- Differential Amplifier using BJT with two modes of (iii) operation.
- Draw the circuit of an Op-Amp as voltage follower (i) and find an expression for its voltage gain.
 - (ii) Determine the output-voltage for the given circuit shown in Fig. 6.



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[Contd...

(d)

- (c) Define Op-Amp with the help of block diagram. Also describe the equivalent circuit along with its ideal and practical characteristics.
- Attempt any two parts of the following
- $10 \times 2 = 20$
- (a) Explain the basic principle of digital voltmeter with the help of block diagram. What are the characteristics of DVM?
- (b) (i) Explain how frequency and phase can be measured using CRO.
 - (ii) Explain working principle of Digital multimeter with the help of suitable Block diagram.
- (c) Draw a neat block diagram of a cathode ray oscilloscope with proper labels. Also explain its working principle.
- Attempt any two parts of the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) (i) What are the needs of modulation? Explain.
 (ii) Explain with the help of block diagram the elements of communication systems.
- (b) What do you understand by modulation? Explain various modulation techniques. Also explain the demodulation technique of AM with the help of necessary diagram
 - (i) What do you understand by signal? Define various types of signals with suitable examples.
 - (ii) The antenna current of an AM transmitter 8 Amperes, when only the carrier is sent, but it increases to 8.93 Amperes when the carrier is modulated by a single sine wave. Find the % modulation. Determine the antenna current when the % of modulation changes to 0.8.

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4

5

(c)

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