Roll No. $\square$

## B. TECH.

## (SEM II) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19 <br> \section*{MATHEMATICS-II}

Time: 3 Hours
Total Marks: 100
Note: Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

## SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.
$2 \times 10=20$

| QNo. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Find the P.I of $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+4 y=\sin 2 x$ | 2 | 1 |
| b. | Solve simultaneous equations $\frac{d x}{d t}=3 y, \frac{d y}{d t}=3 x$ | 2 | 1 |
| c. | Find the volume of solid generated by revolving the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}=25$ <br> about $y$-axis. | 2 | 2 |
| d. | Evaluate $\Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}\right)$. where $\Gamma$ is gamma function | 2 | 2 |
| e. | Find the Fourier constant $a_{1}$ of $f(x)=x^{2},-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$ | 2 | 3 |
| f. | Discuss the convergence of sequence $a_{n}=\frac{2 n}{n^{2}+1}$. | 2 | 3 |
| g. | Show that complex function $f(z)=z^{3}$ is analytic. | 2 | 4 |
| h. | Define Conformal mapping. | 2 | 5 |
| i. | Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1+i}\left(x^{2}-i y\right) d z$ along the path $y=x$. | 2 | 5 |
| j. | Find residue of $f(z)=\frac{\operatorname{cosz}}{z(z+5)}$ at $z=0$ | 2 | 4 |

## SECTION B

## 2. Attempt any three of the following:

| QNo. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Use Frobenius method to solve $9 x(1-x) \frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-12 \frac{d y}{d x}+4 y=0$ | 10 | 1 |
| b. | Apply Dirichlet integral to find the volume of an octant of the sphere <br> $x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}=25$. | 10 | 2 |
| c. | Find half range sine series of $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}x & 0<x<2 \\ 4-x \quad 2<x<4\end{array}\right.$ | 10 | 3 |
| d. | Show that $u=x^{4}-6 x^{2} y^{2}+y^{4}$ is harmonic function. Find complex <br> function $f(z)$ whose $u$ is a real part. | 10 | 4 |
| e. | Expand $f(z)=\frac{1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$ in regions <br> $(i) 1<\|z\|<2 \quad$ (ii) $2<\|z\|$ | 10 | 5 |

## SECTION C

## 3. Attempt any one part of the following:

| QNo. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Solve $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+y=\tan x$ by method of variation of parameter. | 10 | 1 |


| b. | Solve $x^{2} \frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-2\left(x^{2}+x\right) \frac{d y}{d x}+\left(x^{2}+2 x+2\right) y=0$ by Normal Form. | 10 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

4. Attempt any one part of the following:

| QNo. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Prove that $\beta(m, n)=\frac{\Gamma m \Gamma n}{\Gamma(m+n)}$ where $\Gamma$ is gamma function | 10 | 2 |
| b. | Use Beta and Gamma function to solve $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^{4}} d x \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{\cot \theta} d \theta$ | 10 | 2 |

5. Attempt any one part of the following:

| QNo. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Find the Fourier series of $f(x)=x \sin x,-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$ | 10 | 3 |
| b. | State D' Alembert's test. Test the series $1+\frac{x}{2}+\frac{x^{2}}{5}+\frac{x^{3}}{10} \ldots \ldots+\frac{x^{n}}{n^{2}+1}+$ <br>  <br> $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. | 10 | 3 |

6. Attempt any one part of the following:

| QNo. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Let $f(z)=\frac{x^{2} y^{5}(x+i y)}{x^{4}+y^{10}}$ when $z \neq 0, \quad f(z)=0$ when $z=0$. Prove |  |  |
| that Cauchy Riemann satisfies at $z=0$ but function is not differentiable |  |  |  |
| at $z=0$. |  |  |  |

## 7. Attempt any one part of thê following:

| QNo. | Question $D^{\text {a }}$ | Marks | CO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. | Using Cauchy Integral formula evaluate $\int_{c} \frac{\sin z}{\left(z^{2}+25\right)^{2}} d z$ where $c$ is circle $\|z\|=8$ | 10 | 5 |
| b. | Apply residue theorem to evaluate $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2} d x}{\left(x^{2}+1\right)\left(x^{2}+4\right)}$ | 10 | 5 |

