Printed Pages—4	ME304
(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be fi	illed in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 1263 Roll No.

B. Tech.

(SEM. III) ODD SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION 2013-14

STRENGTH OF MATERIALS AND MACHINE DRAWING—I

Time : 3 Hours

1.

Total Marks : 100

SECTION-A

Attempt all questions :

- (i) Define principal plane and principal stress.
 - (ii) Explain complementary shear stress.
 - (iii) Draw the Mohr's circle for pure shear.
 - (iv) Define neutral axis.
 - (v) What do you understand by section modulus?
 - (vi) Explain point of contraflexure in a beam.
 - (vii) What do you understand by effective length of the column?
 - (viii) Explain Torsional stiffness and Torsional flexibility.
 - (ix) Differentiate between thin cylinder and thick cylinder.
 - (x) Define shear centre.

SECTION-B

Attempt any three questions :

 Derive an expression for deformation of conical bar hung to a ceiling having diameter 'D' and height 'L', weight density of bar ρ and Young's modulus is E.

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- 2. (a) Write the assumption for pure bending and also derive the bending equation.
 - (b) Find the deflection of cantilever of *l* at free end by Area Moment Method.



- 3. What are leaf spring ? Find maximum deflection and maximum bending stress in semielliptical type leaf spring.
- 4. Write the assumptions for Lami's equation and also derive the expression for Lami's equation.
- 5. What do you understand by unsymmetrical bending ? Prove that the sum of moment of inertia about any rectangular axis is constant.

SECTION-C

Attempt all questions :

1. Show that if E is assumed correct an error of 1% in the determination of G will involve an error of about 5% in the calculation of Poisson's ratio when its correct value is 0.25.

OR

A point in a strained material is subjected to a tensile stress 65 N/mm² and compressive stress of 45 N/mm², acting on two mutually perpendicular planes and shear stress of 10 N/mm² are acting on these planes. Find the normal stress, tangential stress and resultant stresses on a plane inclined 30° with the plane of compressive stress.

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2. Draw the shear force and bending moment diagram for the beam given below.



Find deflection at point B and C of beam given below.



3. Deduce an expression for the extension of an open coiled helical spring carrying an axial load W. Take ' α ' as the inclination of coils, d as the diameter of the wire and 'R' as mass radius of the coil. Find by what percentage the axial deflection of the coil is neglected for spring in which $\alpha = 25^{\circ}$. Assume n and R remain const.

OR

- Write the assumption for Euler's Theory and derive the expression for critical load for column having both end fixed.
- (ii) A hollow C.I. column whose outside diameter is 200 mm has a thickness of 20 mm. It is 4.5 m long and is fixed at both end. Calculate the safe load of Rankine formula using

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F.O.S. 4.
$$\sigma_c = 550$$
 MPa, $\alpha = \frac{1}{1600}$

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4. A boiler drum consists of a cylinder 2 m long, 1 m diameter and 25 mm thick closed by hemispherical ends. In a hydraulic test 10 N/mm², how much additional water will be pumped in after initial filling at atmospheric pressure ?

Assume the circumferential strain at junction of cylinder and hemisphere is same for both drum material.

E = 207000 N/mm², $\mu = 0.3$, W = 2100 N/mm².

OR

A compound cylinder is to be made by shrinking one tube onto another so that the radial compressive stress at the junction is 28.5 N/mm². If the outside diameter is 26.5 cm and the bore 12.5 cm, calculate the allowance for shrinkage at common diameter which is 20 cm. E = 210000 N/mm².

5. Locate the shear centre with sketch for the section as shown below:



Derive the equation to find the position of neutral axis for the following cross-section of curved beam :

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- (i) Rectangular X-section
- (ii) Circular X-section.

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