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(d) Use Quine-Mc-Clusky (QM) method to solve the following function :

 $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum(5,7,8,9,10,11,14,15)$ 

(e) Simplify the Boolean function 'Y' together with don't care condition 'd' using k-map and implement it with two level NAND gate circuit.

 $Y = BD + BC\overline{D} + A\overline{B}C\overline{D}$ 

- (f) For the Hamming code 1001101001 received at the receiver end, correct this code for error if any ?
- 2. Attempt any two parts of the following :
  - 6×2=12
  - (a) Design a BCD to 7 segment decoder. Assume positive logic, minimize the function.
  - (b) Design the following Boolean function using 4×1 Multiplexer.

 $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0, 1, 3, 4, 8, 9, 15)$ 

- (c) Design and explain the logic and circuit of 4 bit magnitude comparator.
- 3. Attempt any two parts of the following :

6×2=12

- (a) Distinguish between synchronous and asynchronous digital sequential circuit. Design Module-5 Counter.
- (b) Explain race around condition and its remedy in brief. Realise T flip flop to SR flip flop.
- (c) Write down the classification of semiconductor memories. Draw and explain the programmable logic array (PLA).

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4.

## Attempt any two parts of the following :

6×2=12

- (a) Explain hazard and its types. Define critical race and non critical race. Also explain the elimination of hazards in asynchronous circuits.
- (b) With the help of diagram, explain the operations of Universal shift regular.
- (c) An asynchronous sequential circuit described by the following excitation and output functions.

 $Y = X_1 X_2 + (X_1 + X_2)y$  and z = y. Where  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  = Input variables Y = Excitation function Z = Output function.

- (i) Draw the logic diagram of the circuit.
- (ii) Derive transition table.
- (iii) Output map and obtain a flow table.

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