Sub Code: ROE033

Max. Marks: 70

Roll No.			

B. Tech (SEM-III) THEORY EXAMINATION 2017-18 LASER SYSTEMS AND APPLICATIONS

Time: 3Hours

Note: Attempt all Sections. Assume missing data, if any.

SECTION A

Attempt all questions in brief: 1.

- What do you mean by Polarization of X-ray? 2
- What is tunnel effect? b.
- Why spontaneous emission of radiation is incoherent? ċ.
- What is function of optical cavities in a laser? d.
- What do you mean by population invertion? e.
- What are characteristics properties of argon ion laser? f.
- Can we get hologram with ordinary light? g.

Attempt any one part of the following:

SECTION B

Attempt any three of the following: 2.

- What do you mean by black body? Explain features of black body spectrum. a.
- What are puming techniques? Discuss different types of pumping techniques in b. different types of laser.
- What is Q switched laser? Discuss various methods. c.
- With necessary diagram explain construction and working of Nd: YAG laser.
- d. Explain laser welding and its advantages over conventional welding techniques. e. Briefly explain, how laser are useful in drilling and cutting?

SECTION C

$1 \times 7 = 7$

- Explain Bohr theory of hydrogen atom. If an electron transit from third orbit to (a) first orbit. Find the wavelength of electron in hydrogen atom.
- Solve Schrodinger wave equation to find Eigen value and Eigen function for a (b) particle in an infinite potential well.

1 | Page

3.

 $2 \times 7 = 14$

3X7 = 21

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1 1

2|Page

(a)

(b)

Discuss how the laser can be used in optical communication. P

Physical Constants Rest mass of electron Rest mass of Proton Speed of light	$\begin{array}{rl} m_{o} & = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg} \\ m_{p} & = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg} \\ c & = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s} \\ h & = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J-s} \end{array}$
Planck Constant	$11 = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$

Attempt any one part of the following: 6.

- What are molecular gas lasers? Describe construction, working and application of (a)
- carbon dioxide laser.
- Explain the working of semiconductor laser. Differentiate between Homojunction (b)
- and Heterojunction laser.

pollutants are measured using LIDAR?

Attempt any one part of the following: 7.

Charge on electron

Boltzmann Constant

- expression for threshold condition for lasing. 1X7 = 7
- What are main components of laser? Discuss each component in detail. With the help of suitable diagram describe three level laser actions. If population (a) (b)
- ratio of two states is 3×10^{-40} in He-Ne laser, produces light of wavelength 6328Å. Find temperature of energy states.

- Discuss essential conditions for producing laser beam. Find population ratio between two energy states in Ruby laser producing a laser light of wavelength
 - What do you know about threshold condition for laser oscillation? Find an (b)

Attempt any one part of the following:

Attempt any one part of the following:

1X7 = 7

 $1 \times 7 = 7$

 $= 1.6 \times 10^{-10}$ $=1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$ k

4.

5.

(a)

 $1 \times 7 = 7$

What is LIDAR? Discuss its components and their role. How atmospheric