

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 0112

Roll No.

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B.Tech.

(SEMESTER-IV) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2011-12

THEORY OF AUTOMATA & FORMAL LANGUAGES

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

Note : Attempt all Section as directed.

Section – A

1. Attempt all questions. All questions carry equal marks :

2 × 10 = 20

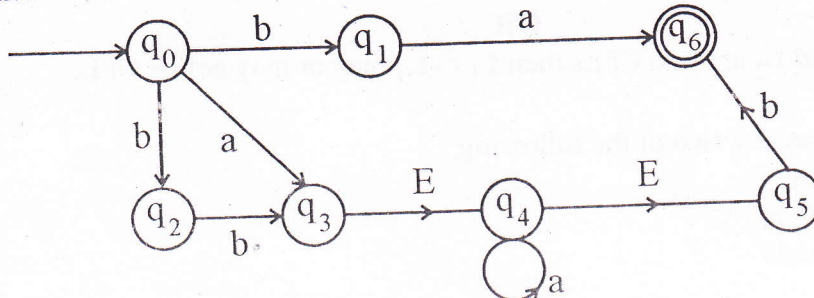
- (a) Define deterministic finite automaton.
- (b) State Myhill-Nerode theorem.
- (c) Find a regular expression corresponding to the language of all strings over the alphabet {0, 1} that contains at least two 0's.
- (d) Differentiate between Mealy machine and Moore machine.
- (e) Show that the context-free grammar G given by productions $S \rightarrow SBS/a, B \rightarrow b$, is ambiguous.
- (f) What do you mean by inherent ambiguous CFL ?
- (g) Compare PDA with FA.
- (h) What do you mean by instantaneous description of PDA ?
- (i) When a language is said to be recursive or recursively enumerable ?
- (j) What are the ways of representations of TMs ?

Section – B

2. Attempt any three parts.

3 × 10 = 30

- (a) Design a Mealy machine that accepts binary string divisible by 3.
- (b) Construct an NFA without E-moves corresponding to the following NFA.



- (c) Show that the language $\{0^n 1^n 2^n \mid n \geq 1\}$ is not a context free language.
- (d) Construct PDA by empty stack which accepts the following :
 $\{a^m b^m c^n \mid m, n \geq 1\}$
- (e) For $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ design a TM that accepts $L = \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 1\}$.

Section - C

Attempt **all** questions.

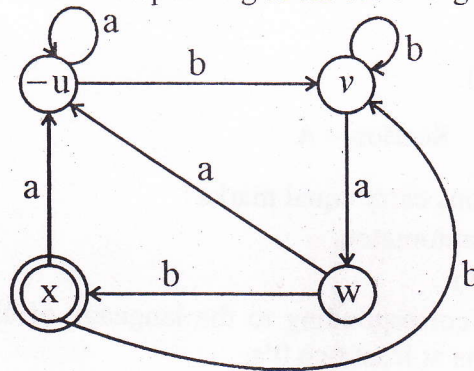
5 × 10 = 50

3. Prove that if a language L is accepted by an NFA then there is a DFA that accepts L.

OR

Prove that if L is accepted by an NFA with ϵ -transitions, then L is accepted by an NFA without ϵ -transitions.

4. Find the regular expression corresponding to the following Finite Automaton :



OR

Show that $L = \{ww \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$ is not regular.

5. Construct a PDA M equivalent to the grammar with the following productions :

$$S \rightarrow aAA$$

$$A \rightarrow bS \mid aS \mid a$$

Also check whether the string abaaaa is in $N(M)$ or not.

OR

Design 2-stack PDA for language

$$L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 0\}.$$

6. Convert the following grammar to GNF :

$$S \rightarrow ABA$$

$$A \rightarrow aA \mid \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow bB \mid \epsilon$$

OR

Prove that if L_1 and L_2 are two CFLs then $L_1 \cap L_2$ may or may not be CFL.

7. Write short notes on any **two** of the following :

- (a) Universal TM
- (b) Halting Problem
- (c) Church's Thesis