	EIT
(Following Paper ID and	d Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)
PAPER ID: 0114	Roll No.

# B.Tech. (SEMESTER-IV) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2012-13 SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

Time : 3 Hours ]

[Total Marks: 100

## **SECTION – A**

# 1. Attempt all parts.

 $10 \times 2 = 20$ 

- (a) What are some of the indicators of software crisis?
- (b) How Software Engineering Processes are different from Conventional Engineering Processes ?
- (c) Identify some problems associated with the implementation of a successful quality assurance plan in a software development organization.
- (d) What do you mean by Unambiguous and Complete SRS?
- (e) What problems arise if two modules have high coupling ?
- (f) Why is good design important for a software product ?
- (g) Explain the role of recursive testing and its role in the integration testing.
- (h) Can system testing be considered to be a structural testing?
- (i) Explain situations under which software re-engineering would be useful.
- (j) Heavy maintenance and quality of a software product are inversely proportional. Explain.



**P.T.O.** 

#### **SECTION – B**

2. Attempt any three parts.

 $10 \times 3 = 30$ 

- (a) Spiral model is a realistic approach to the development of large-scale system and software. Justify and explain the model.
- (b) What is requirement analysis ? What is its importance ? What does a software requirement specification document (SRS document) contain ? Explain.
- (c) Define Coupling in the context of software design. What are the different types of coupling in practice ? Discuss them briefly. Also discuss why data coupling is the best form of coupling.
- (d) What do you mean by Black Box Testing ? What are some considerations in this regard ? Discuss two methods of black box testing in detail.
- (e) What are the generic types of cost models for software cost estimation ? Explain.

## **SECTION - C**

Attempt all parts.

 $10 \times 5 = 50$ 

- 3. Attempt any two parts.
  - (a) How does the risk factor affect the spiral model of software development?
  - (b) Explain what is meant by 'software crisis' and how they are handled.
  - (c) Differentiate between iterative Enhancement Model and Evolutionary Development Model.
- 4. Attempt any **two** parts.
  - (a) Which ISO quality assurance standard applies to software engineering ? How is it different from SEI-CMM model ?
  - (b) Why is SRS also known as the black-box specification of system?
  - (c) Explain any two requirements elicitation methods.

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### 5. Attempt any two parts.

(a) Compute function point value for a project with the following domain characteristics :

No. of I/P = 30

No. of O/P = 62

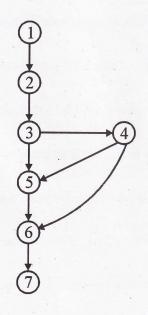
No. of user Inquiries = 24

No. of files = 8

No. of external interfaces = 2

Assume that all the complexity adjustment values are average. Assume that 14 algorithm have been counted.

- (b) List the important shortcomings of LOC for use as a software size metric. Does the function point metric overcome these ? Explain your answer.
- (c) For the flow graph shown in Fig. 1,
  - (i) Compute the cyclomatic complexity
  - (ii) Find out independent path





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**P.T.O.** 

- 6. Attempt any **two** parts.
  - (a) Explain the 'Walk Through' approach to software testing.
  - (b) What do you mean by test-cases ? Explain, how will you design black-box test cases for a function named func-quadratic-eqn. func-quadratic-eqn accepts three floating point numbers representing a quadratic equation of the form ax2+bx+c=0, it computes and displays the solution.
  - (c) Explain what is meant by 'Integration testing' and 'Regression testing'.

# 7. Attempt any **two** parts.

- (a) Describe Version Control and Change Control in the context of Software Configuration Management.
- (b) Discuss the role of the data dictionary in a CASE environment. How automated support for data dictionary can be provided ?
- (c) Differentiate corrective, adaptive, perfective and preventive maintenance in the context of software.