Roll No. $\square$

## B. TECH.

## (SEM IV) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - III
Total Marks: 70
Time: 3 Hours
Note: Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

## SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.
a) State Cauchy integral theorem.
b) Find the missing term in the following table:

| x | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 6 | 10 | -- | 17 | 24 | 31 |

c) Define binomial distribution and write their mean and standard distributions.
d) Write Simpson's $3 / 8$ rule.
e) Define average operator and central operator and find relationship between them.
f) Define condition number.
g) Find the inverse Z-transform of $\left\{\frac{3}{z-1}\right\}$

## SECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following:
a) Prove that $\frac{f(z)-f(0)}{z} \rightarrow 0$ as $z \rightarrow 0$ along any radius vector but not as $z \rightarrow 0$ in any manner and also that $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})$ is not analytic at $\mathrm{z}=0$.
b) Using method of Least squares, find the curve $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{ax}+\mathrm{b} x^{2}$ that best fit the following data:

| x | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4. | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 1.8 | 5.1 | 8.9 | 14.1 | 19.8 |

c) Using Euler's method solye $\frac{d y}{d x}=\log (x+y)$ with the initial condition that $\mathrm{y}=2$ when $x=0$. Find $y$ for $x=1.2$ and $x=1.4$.
d) Use Runge-Kutta method of fourth order, solve $\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{y^{2}-x^{2}}{y^{2}+x^{2}}$ with $\mathrm{y}(0)=1$, at $\mathrm{x}=0.2$ and 0.4 .
e) Find the Fourier sine transform of $\frac{e^{-a x}}{x}, \mathrm{a}>0$. Hence find Fourier sine transform of $\frac{1}{x}$.

## SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following:
a) Evaluate $\int \frac{z^{2}-2 z}{(z+1)^{2}\left(z^{2}+4\right)} d z$, where $C$ ' s the circle $|z|=10$.
b) Evaluate $\int \frac{e^{z}}{(z-1)(z-4)} d z$ where Cis the circle $|z|=2$ by using Cauchy's integral formula.
4. Attempt any one part of the following
a) Find the Fourier transform of $e^{-a x^{2}}$, where $\mathrm{a}>0$.
b) Find the Z-transform of $\cosh \left(\frac{k \pi}{2}+\alpha\right)$.
a) In a certain factory turning out razor blades, there is a small chance of 0.002 for any blade to be defective. The blades are supplied in packets of 10 . Use appropriate and suitable distribution to calculate the approximate number of packets containing no defective, one defective and two defective blades respectively in a consignment of 50000 packets.
b) A sample of 100 dry battery cells tested to find the length of life produced the following results $\bar{x}=10$ hours, $\sigma=3$ hours. Assuming the data to be normally distributed, what percentage of battery cells are expected to have life
i. more than 15 hours
ii. between 10 and 14 hours.

## 6. Attempt any one of the following

a) By using Newton-Raphson method, find the root of $x^{4}-x-10=0$, which is near to $\mathrm{x}=2$ correct to three places of decimal.
b) Using Lagrange's interpolation formula, find the values of y corresponding to $\mathrm{x}=10$ from the following table:

| x | 5 | 6 | 9 | 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 12 | 13 | 14 | 16 |

7. Attempt any one of the following $\quad 7 \times 1=7$
a) Solve by Crout's method, the following system of equattion: $X+Y+Z=3,2 X-Y+3 Z=$ $16,3 X+Y-Z=-3$.
b) Using Picard's method find a solution of $\frac{d y}{d x}=1+x y u p t o ~ t h i r d ~ a p p r o x i m a t i o n, ~ w h e n ~ x_{0}=0$ , $\mathrm{y}_{0}=0$
