

Printed Pages: 4

TEC505

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID: 3089

Roll No.

B.Tech

(SEM V) ODD SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION 2009-10
ANTENNA & WAVE PROPAGATION

Time: 3 Hours]

[Total Marks: 100

Note: Attempt all questions.

- 1 Answer any two questions of the following: 10×2=20
 - (a) Define beam width of an antenna and show that its directivity is given by:

$$D = \frac{41257}{Q_E^{\circ} \cdot Q_H^{\circ}}$$

where Q_E and Q_H are half power beamwidth in E and H plane respectively.

- (b) A transmitting antenna having an effective height of 70 meters, takes a current of 50 amp (rms) at a wavelength of 600 meters. Find:
 - (i) Radiation resistance of the antenna
 - (ii) Power radiated
 - (iii) Antenna efficiency for a total antenna resistance of 50Ω .

- (c) What is meant by directivity and power gain of an antenna? Show how the directivity can be increased by using a number of antenna in a suitable array.
- 2 Attempt any two questions of the following: 10×2=20
 - (a) Prove that the directivity for a broadside array of two identical isotropic in-phase point sources spaced distances *d* apart is given by

$$D(\theta, \varphi) = \frac{2}{1 + \frac{\delta m \beta d}{\beta d}}$$

- (b) A uniform linear array consists of 16 isotropic point sources with a spacing of $\lambda/4$. If the phase difference $\delta = -90^{\circ}$, calculate :
 - (i) HPBW
 - (ii) Beam solid angle
 - (iii) Beam efficiency
 - (iv) Directivity and
 - (v) Effective aperture.
- (c) What is meant by Dolph-chebyshev distribution for a linear array? Show that such a distribution gives a minimum side lobe level for a given beam-width of major-lobes.

- 3 Attempt any two parts of the following:
 - (a) Discuss the theory of formation ionospheric regions. Describe the properties of different ionospheric regions with special reference to seasonal variations.
 - (b) Explain how long, medium and short waves, are propagated over short and long distances and comment on their applications in the field of practical radio communication.
 - (c) Explain MUF, critical frequency, virtual height, and skip distance as applied to sky wave propagation.
- 4 Attempt any two parts of the following: 10×2=20
 - (a) Find out the length L, width W, and half flare angles θ_E and θ_H of a pyramidal horn antenna for which the mouth height $h=10\lambda$. The horn is fed by a rectangular waveguide with TE_{10} mode.
 - (b) What is a folded dipole antenna? Describe an Yagi antenna and explain its operation.

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (c) Explain with suitable diagrams the working of the helical antenna under:
 - (i) Normal mode of operations and
 - (ii) Axial mode of operations.

 What are its applications?
- Attempt any two parts of the following: 10×2=20
 - (a) Measurement of antenna efficiency
 - (b) Radiation pattern measurement
 - (c) Log periodic antenna.