Printed Pages:	563	EEC-502/NEC-502
(Following Paper II	and Roll No Answer Bo	o. to be filled in your ook)
Paper ID : 131522 131502	Roll No.	
	B.Tech.	
(CEM VA(ODD CEM)	THEODVEY	AMINATION 2015-16

(SEM. V)(ODD SEM) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2015-PRINCIPLES OF COMMUNICATION

[Time:3 hours]

[MaximumMarks:100

Section-A

- Q1. Attempt **all** parts. All parts carry equal marks. Write answer of each part in short. $(2 \times 10=20)$
 - (a) Draw the Block diagram of SSb synchronous demodulation system.
 - (b) List the advantages of DSB-FC modulation sheeme.
 - (c) Write two properties of Bessel's Function $J_n(\beta)$
 - (d) Mention three direct methods of FM generation.
 - (e) A signal has frequency components from 300 Hz to 1.8 KHz. What is the minimum possible rate at which the signal has to be sampled?
 - (f) Mention the exact data rates for T-1, T-2, T-3 and T-4 carrier systems.

P.T.O.

- (g) Which scheme utilizes the most number of bits per symbol- Delta modulation of Adaptive delta modulation?
- (h) Define noise bandwidth.
- (i) What is the shape of autocorrelation function of a random process having power spectral density (PSD) with only DV term?
- (j) Convert 120 μ W into dBm.

Section-B

Note: Attempt any five questions from this section. $10 \times 5 = 50$

- Q2. What is the basic limitation SSb modulation scheme? How it is eliminated by Vestigial Side Band modulation.
- Q3. Mention advantages and applications of VSB modulation. Two signals m1 (t) and m2 (t), both band-limited to 5000 rad/sec, are to be transmitted simultaneously over a channel by the multiplexing sheeme as shown in figure 1 below. The single at point b is the signal at point c is transmitted over a channel.
 - (i) Sjetch the signal spectra at a, b, c.
 - (ii) What must be the bandwidth of the channel?

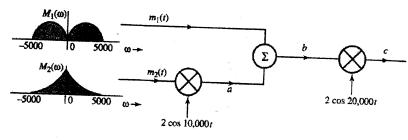


Figure: 1

- Q4. Prove that bandwisth of an FM wave is infinity. Also represent the single tone FM wava as a function of Bessel's Function.
- Q5. Discuss Armstrong's method of indirect FM generation in detail.
- Q6. Explain the TDM principle. Draw a circuit diagram to illustrate the flat-top smapling. Draw the block diagram of PCM shceme and explain its functionality.
- Q7. Show that the equivalent noise bandwidth of a low pass filter is $\frac{\pi}{2}$ times of its 3dB bandwidth F_{3dB} .
- Q8. Describe PWM and PPM generation with a neat labeled diagram.
- Q9. Quantify the noise performance of frequency modulated systems in detail.

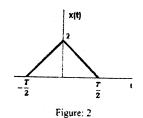
Section-C

Note: Attempt any two questions from this section. $(15\times2=30)$

- Q10. A compact disk (CD) recorsing system smaples each of two stereo signals with a 16-bit analog-to digital converter (ADC) at 44.1 kb/s.
 - (i) Determine the output signal-to-quantizing ratio for a full-scale sinusoid.
 - (ii) The bit stream of digitized data is augmented by the addition of error-correcting bits, clock extraction bits, and display and control bit fields. These additional bits represent 100 percent overhead. Determine the output bit rate of the CD recording system.
 - (iii) The CD can record an hour's worth of musci.

 Determine the number of bits recorder on a CD.
 - (iv) For a comparison, a high-grade collegiate disctionary amy contain 1500 pages, 2 columns per page, 100 lines per columns, 8 words per line, 6 letters per word, and 7 b per letter on average. Determine the number of bits required to describe the dictionary, and estimate the number of comparable books.

Q11. Write a short note on AWGN. Calculate the Power Spectrum Density (PSD) corresponding to the autocorrelation function x (t) of a random process shown in figure 2 below:



Q12. How is the human voice modeled? What do you mean by VOCODER? Explain the generation of LPC VOCODER system.