



Printed Pages : 4

TEE - 603

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 2061

Roll No.

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B. Tech.

(SEM. VI) EXAMINATION, 2007-08

POWER ELECTRONICS

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

Note : Attempt all questions.

- 1 Attempt any **four** parts of the following : $5 \times 4 = 20$
- (a) Describe the structure and dynamic characteristic of a power diode.
 - (b) On what factors does the di/dt rating of thyristor depend? What device techniques are used to improve the di/dt rating ?
 - (c) Explain the problems associated with series operation of thyristors and how are they overcome.
 - (d) In low power applications, explain your preference between GTO and bipolar transistors giving supporting arguments.
 - (e) Enumerate the advantages of MCT over ordinary SCR.
 - (f) Explain second breakdown in power BJTs.



2 Attempt any **four** parts of the following : 5×4=20

- (a) Draw and explain scrubber circuit for dv/dt protection thyristor.
- (b) Explain the dynamic equalizing circuit for series-connected SCRs.
- (c) What are the differences between voltage and current commutation? Explain with suitable circuit diagrams.
- (d) Explain the principle of operation of dc chopper. Discuss different classifications of dc chopper.
- (e) Draw the circuit diagram and explain the operation of class C chopper.
- (f) A step-up chopper has input voltage of 220V and output voltage of 660V. If the non-conducting time of thyristor-chopper is $100 \mu s$, compute the pulse width of output voltage.

In case pulse width is halved for constant frequency operation, find the new output voltage.

3 Attempt any **two** parts of the following : 10×2=20

- (a) A single-phase full wave rectifier with centre-tapped transformer has a purely resistive load R .
Determine:
 - (i) efficiency
 - (ii) ripple factor
 - (iii) transformer utilization factor and
 - (iv) peak inverse voltage (PIV) of diode.
- (b) A single-phase full converter feeds power to RLE load with $R = 6\Omega$, $L = 6mH$ and $E = 60 V$. The source voltage is 230 V. For continuous condition, find the average value of



load current for firing angle 45° . In case one of the four SCRs gets open circuited, find the new value of average current assuming continuous output current.

- (c) Draw the circuit diagram and output voltage waveforms of three phase semiconverter with highly inductive load for $\alpha = 90^\circ$. Derive an expression for average output voltage.

Attempt any **two** parts of the following : **10×2=20**

- (a) Explain the principle of on-off control and phase-angle control. For a single-phase ac voltage controller feeding a resistive load, show that power factor is given by the expression :

$$\left[\frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ (\pi - \alpha) + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\alpha \right\} \right]^{1/2}$$

- (b) A single phase half wave (Unidirectional) ac voltage controller has a resistive load of $R=10\ \Omega$ and the input voltage is $V_S=230\ \text{V}$, 50 Hz. The delay angle of thyristor is $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{2}$.

Determine :

- (i) the rms value of output voltage V_o and
(ii) the input power factor.
- (c) What is cycloconverter? Enumerate some of its industrial applications. Draw the circuit diagram and waveforms for a single-phase cycloconverter and explain its working principle.



5 Attempt any **four** parts of the following : 5×4=20

- (a) Explain the operating principle of single-phase full-bridge inverter with suitable diagram and waveforms.
 - (b) Discuss the merits and demerits of voltage source and current source inverters.
 - (c) Discuss the merits and demerits of PWM control of Voltage Source inverters.
 - (d) Discuss the advantages of multiple-pulse width modulation scheme over single pulse width modulation for voltage control of single-phase inverters. Draw the waveforms for multiple-pulse-width modulation scheme.
 - (e) Draw the circuit diagram and waveforms for three-phase voltage source inverter for 120° mode of conduction.
 - (f) What is the necessary condition for series resonant oscillation? Discuss the advantages of using bidirectional switches in resonant inverters.
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