

**ECE602** 

(Following Paper ID and Rol	No. to	be filled	in your A	Answe	r Book)	
PAPER ID: 100602						
Roll No.						

## B. Tech.

(SEM. VI) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2014-15
ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING - 2

Time: 3 Hours [Total Marks: 100

Note: Attempt all Questions. Assume any missing data suitably.

- 1 Attempt any four parts of the following:  $(5\times4=20)$ 
  - (a) Discuss advantages & disadvantages of BOD & COD tests.
  - (b) How are the organic content measured in wastewater sample? Discuss any one method in detail,
  - (c) Why are some diseases called "Waterborne"? Explain any one disease in detail.
  - (d) The BOD of sewage incubated for 5 days at 30°C is 130mg/l.Calculate the BOD at 20°C.Assume K20=0.1
  - (e) Give the maximum acceptable limits of TDS, turbidity, colour, hardness & pH in drinking water.
  - (f) Deduce an expression for BOD with curve.

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- Attempt any two parts of the following:  $(10\times2=20)$ 
  - (a) Derive Stokes law for the settling velocity of a discrete particle in dilute sample suspension. Discuss the limitations.
  - (b) Differentiate between coagulation & flocculation used in water treatment plant.
  - (c) At a water treatment plant, 12 million litres of water is treated daily, using alum dosage of 16 mg per litre. Find total quantity of alum used daily.
- Attempt any two parts of the following:  $(10\times2=20)$ 
  - (a) Design a rapid sand filter to treat 10 million litres of raw water per day allowing 0.5% of filtered water for backwashing. Half hour per day is used for backwashing. Assume necessary data.
  - (b) Differentiate between slow sand & rapid sand filters.
  - (c) In a water treatment plant, raw water is passed through a filter bed of uniform sand at a velocity of 5m/hour. The filter is made of sand grains of diameter =0.4mm, shape factor=0.85 & specific gravity =2.65, the depth of the bed is 0.67m & porosity is 0.4. Determine the head loss through the bed. (Take density of water = 968kg/m³ & dynamic viscosity =1.0 × 10-3 kg/m)
- Attempt any two parts of the following:  $(10\times2=20)$ 
  - (a) Differentiate between activated sludge process & trickling filter process.

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- (b) Determine the size of high rate trickling filter for the following data:
  - Flow = 4 Mld, Recirculation ratio =1.4,BOD of raw sewage=250mg/l,BOD removed in primary clarifier=25%,Final effluent BOD desired = 50mg/l.
- (c) Design a facultative aerated lagoon to serve 50,000 people.For sewage flow @ 180 1pcd=7200cu.m/day.Raw BOD<sub>5</sub> = 275mg/1 & final BOD<sub>5</sub> is not exceed 30mg/1 in winter.Ambient air temperature in January is 20°C and in summer 37°C.
- 5 Attempt any four parts of the following:  $(5\times4=20)$ 
  - (a) What is septic tank. Discuss advantages & disadvantages of centralised & decentralised wastewater treatment.
  - (b) What is sludge thickening? Give detail of gravity thickening.
  - (c) What is UASBR? Discuss its features.
  - (d) Differentiate between anaerobic fixed bed reactor, fluidized bed reactor, expanded bed reactor.
  - (e) What is anaerobic digestion? Explain in detail.
  - (f) Design a septic tank for 300 users. Water allowance is 120 litres per head per day. Detention period may be taken as 8 hours. Draw a neat sketch of a septic tank.

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