## Roll No:

$\square$

Time: 3 Hours
Total Marks: 100
Notes:

- Attempt all Sections and Assume any missing data.
- Appropriate marks are allotted to each question, answer accordingly.

| SECTIO | ION-A | Attempt All of the following Questions in brie | Marks(10X2=2 | CO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q1(a) A | A coin is flipped thrice. Determine the probability of getting two heads. |  |  | 1 |
| Q1(b) D | Define probability mass function. |  |  |  |
| Q1(c) D | Differentiate between noise and inter symbol interference. |  |  | 2 |
| Q1(d) | Draw waveform of NRZ- polar code for a digital message 111101 |  |  | 2 |
| Q1(e) W | Why is scrambling done? |  |  | 3 |
| Q1(f) D | Draw waveform of ASK modulated signal for a data string 111010 |  |  |  |
| Q1(g) W | What is the probability of error of a matched filter? |  |  |  |
| Q1(h) D | Define transmission data rate. |  |  |  |
| Q1(i) | What is mutual information? |  |  | 5 |
| Q1(j)F <br>  <br> a | Find average length of three messages 0,10 and 111 with their probabilities $1 / 2,1 / 4$ and $1 / 4$ respectively. |  |  | 5 |
|  | ) |  |  |  |
| SECTIO | ION-B | Attempt ANY THREE of the following Quest | Marks(3X10=30) |  |
| Q2(a) | Prove that power spectral density and autocorrelation are Fourier transform pairs. |  |  |  |
| Q2(b) W | Write Short Notes on any two of the following: <br> i) Various line coding properties <br> ii) Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization procedure <br> iii) Eye diagram |  |  | 2 |
| Q2(c) $\begin{aligned} & \text { E } \\ & \\ & \text { W }\end{aligned}$ | Explain the DPSK modulation and demodulation with suitable block diagram and waveforms. Compare it with BPSK system. |  |  | 3 |
| Q2(d) $\begin{aligned} & \text { D } \\ & \text { m } \\ & \text { m }\end{aligned}$ | Describe matched filter with suitable diagram? Prove that impulse response of a matched filter is proportional to a shifted version of the input signal to which filter is matched. |  |  | 4 |
| Q2(e)B <br> b | Briefly explain entropy, average length and redundancy. Prove the relationshi between different entropies $\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{XY})=\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{X})+\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{X})$ |  |  | 5 |

SECTION-C Attempt ANY ONE following Question Marks (1X10=10) CO

Q3(a) Differentiate between wide sense stationary and strict sense stationary random 1 process. Also briefly explain statistical averages of continuous random process.
Q3(b) Explain Gaussian random process and relate central limit theorem to it with a 1 suitable example.

| Q4(a) | What is the Nyquist criterion for zero ISI in pulse shaping? Explain the pulse shapes <br> required to fulfill the condition. | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Q4(b) | Explain the function of scrambler and unscramble with neat block diagram. | 2 |

\(\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|c|c|}\hline SECTION-C Attempt ANY ONE following Question Marks (1X10=10) \& CO <br>

\hline Q5(a) \& Explain QAM system with suitable block diagram and constellation diagram.\end{array}\right]\)| Q5(b) |
| :--- |
| How does the QPSK modulator transmit digital data over channel? Also explain the <br> demodulation process of the QPSK modulated signal from an ideal channel. |

Roll No: $\square$
BTECH
(SEM VI) THEORY EXAMINATION 2021-22
DIGITAL COMMUNICATION

| SECTION-C Attempt ANY ONE following Question | Marks (1X10=10) | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Q6(a) | Derive the expression for probability of error in ASK modulation system. Notify all <br> the assumed parameters clearly. Why is it not better than FSK? | 4 |
| Q6(b) | Describe the spread spectrum modulation with FHSS and DSSS with suitable <br> diagrams involved. | 4 |

SECTION-C Attempt ANY ONE following Question $\quad$ Marks $(\mathbf{1 X 1 0}=\mathbf{1 0}) \quad$ CO
Q7(a) $\quad$ Design and explain an encoder for a block code of $(7,4)$ generating matrix $g(x)=5$ $1+x+x^{3}$ and data signal 1110. Also find the systematic code for a string 0111.
Q7(b) Construct Shannon Fanocode for six messages $m_{1}, m_{2}, m_{3}, m_{4}, m_{5}$ and $m_{6}$ with 5 probabilities $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 8,1 / 16,1 / 32,1 / 32$, respectively. Calculate the entropy and average length of the codes.

