TEE - 703

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(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book) **PAPER ID** : 0676 Roll No.

B.Tech.

(SEM VIII) EVEN SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION, 2009-2010

POWER SYSTEM OPERATION & CONTROL

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note : Attempt ALL questions.

Attempt **any four** parts of the following : 1. (4x5=20)

- (a) Explain the term Voltage Stability. How can it be overcome?
- (b) Explain "Security" in relation to power system operation.
- What are energy control centers? Explain. (c)
- Explain Level Decomposition in power (d) system.
- (e) Explain SCADA system.
- (f) What do you understand by the term "power quality" ? Explain.

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- 2. Attempt any four parts of the following : (4x5=20)
 - (a) Draw and explain I/p O/p characteristic curves for thermal and hydro units.
 - (b) What is a penalty factor in economic scheduling? Explain its significance.
 - (c) How is generation scheduled among various generators when transmission losses are neglected in thermal system ? Explain.
 - (d) Explain in brief about optimal operation of hydro-thermal system.
 - (e) A power system with two generating stations supplied a total load of 300 MW. Neglecting transmission losses the economic schedule for the plant generation is 175 MW and 125 MW. Find the savings in the production cost in Rs/hr. due to this economic schedule as compared to equal distribution of the same load between the two units. The incremental cost characteristics are

$$\frac{d C_1 (P_1)}{d P_1} = 30 + 0.3 P_1$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d} \, \mathrm{C}_2 \, \left(\mathrm{P}_2\right)}{\mathrm{d} \, \mathrm{P}_2} = 32.5 + 0.4 \, \mathrm{P}_2$$

(f) Explain short term hydro-thermal scheduling.

3. Attempt any two parts of the following : (2x10=20)

- (a) Derive the model of a speed governing system and represent it by block diagram.
- (b) Explain Tie-line power model for a two area system, how tie-line power deviation can be incorporated in two area system block diagram.

(c) Two control areas have the following characteristics :

Area 1 $R_1 = 0.011$ P.u.
 $D_1 = 0.85$ P.u.
BaseBaseMVA = 1000Area 2 $R_2 = 0.018$ P.u.
 $D_2 = 0.95$ P.u.
BaseBaseMVA = 1000

A load change of 200 MW occurs in area 1.

- (i) Determine the new steady-state frequency.
- (ii) Determine the tie-line power-flow deviation.
- 4. Attempt **any two** parts of the following : (2x10=20)
 - (a) Draw schematic and block diagram of alternator voltage regulator scheme and explain.
 - (b) Draw schematic diagram of a A.C. static type excitation system and explain.
 - (c) Two substations A and B operating at 11 kV 3 phase are connected by two parallel lines 1 and 2. Each line has a 11/132 kVA transformer and a 132/11 kV substation. Each line has an equivalent impedance of $Z_1=0.2+j$ 0.4 ohms/phase and $Z_2=0.2+j$ 0.6 ohms per phase which includes both the transformers and the line, referred to 11 kV side.

If the bus bar A is at 11 kV and is sending 30 MW at 0.8 Pf leading, find the individual currents into each transformer and the powers at the station A.

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5. Attempt **any two** parts of the following :

(2x10=20)

- (a) What is state estimation ? What is the significance of it in power system operation ?
- (b) What are FACTS controllers ? Explain different types of FACTS controllers.
- (c) Define the following :
 - (i) Static Vor Compensator (SVC)
 - (ii) Unified Power Flow Controller (UPFC)

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