(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID: 0387 Roll No.

B. Tech.

(SEM. VIII) THEORY EXAMINATION 2010-11 EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Note: (1) Attempt all questions. All questions carry equal marks.

(2) Be precise in your answer. No second answer book will be provided.

1. Attempt any two parts of the following: $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- (a) What is an embedded system? List and define the three main characteristics of embedded systems that distinguish such systems from other computing systems.
- (b) Design a single-purpose processor that gives output of Fibonacci numbers up to n places. Start with a function computing the desired result, translate it into a state diagram, and sketch a probable data path.
- (c) (i) Create a table listing the address spaces for the following address sizes:
 - (a) 8-bit
 - (b) 16-bit
 - (c) 24-bit
 - (d) 32-bit
 - (e) 64-bit.

- (ii) Describe in short
 - (a) Assemblers
 - (b) Compilers
 - (c) Linkers.
- 2. Attempt any two parts of the following: (10×2=20)
 - (a) With the aid of a block diagram explain the operation of an 8051 UART device. Write an 8051 assembly language subroutine which will transmit an 8 bit data character via the serial port. A ninth bit is to be used as an even parity bit. Your program must insert the correct parity bit.
 - (b) (i) Explain interrupt polling in 8051.
 - (ii) Find the time of a timer in mode 1 to overflow if initially set to 03Ah with a 6 megahertz crystal.
 - (c) (i) Discuss the different power-saving modes of 8051.
 - (ii) Explain the 8051 addressing modes of 8051 with examples.
- 3. Attempt any two parts of the following: $(10 \times 2 = 20)$
 - (a) (i) Find the baud rate for the serial port in mode 0 for a 6 MHz crystal.
 - (ii) Write a program to transfer your name at 4800 baud,8-bit data and 1 stop bit, continuously. Assuming crystal frequency 11.0592 MHz.

- (b) (i) Explain RISC and CISC processors.
 - (ii) Draw the generalized functional block diagram of a microcontroller specifying each block.
- (c) (i) Explain the control signals of 8051.
 - (ii) Why microcontrollers are preferred for controlling operations? Explain
- 4. Attempt any one part of the following: (20×1=20)
 - (a) For real time operating system, define the following:
 - (i) Semaphores
 - (ii) Operating system services
 - (iii) Mailboxes
 - (iv) Tasks
 - (v) States.
 - (b) Describe ARM. Also give the architectural features of 80386 and 80486.
- 5. Attempt any two parts of the following: (10×2=20)
 - (a) (i) How Push buttons are connected to 8051? Explain.
 - (ii) Explain the benefits that an interrupt address table has over fixed and vectored interrupt methods.
 - (b) Rotate a stepper motor through 90° in clockwise direction and then by 180° in anticlockwise direction. Step angle of this motor is 1.8°. Show hardware connection and write software to meet the requirement.

(c) Draw a block diagram of a processor, peripheral, and DMA controller connected with a system bus, in which the peripheral transfers 100 bytes of data to the memory using DMA. Show all relevant control and data lines of the bus, and label component inputs/ outputs clearly. Draw a timing diagram showing what happens during the transfer; skip the 2nd through 99th bytes.