

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 2870

Roll No.

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B.Tech.

(SEM. VIII) EVEN THEORY EXAMINATION 2012-13

CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

- Note :-** (i) Attempt **ALL** questions.
(ii) All questions carry equal marks.
(iii) Notations/ Symbols/ Abbreviations used have usual meaning.
(iv) Make suitable assumptions, wherever required.

1. Attempt any **four** parts of the following :
- Explain the following terms :
 - Replay attack
 - Traffic analysis
 - Access Control
 - Message Integrity
 - Trojan Horse.
 - Discuss the strengths of pure substitution cipher and pure transposition cipher against statistical analysis.
 - List various modes of operation of block ciphers. Give advantages and disadvantages of each.
 - Prove that if plaintext block and encryption key are complemented in DES then resulting ciphertext block of DES encryption is also complemented.

- (e) What are the characteristics of a Fiestal Cipher ?
- (f) Explain the concept of differential cryptanalysis. You may choose suitable example for illustration.
2. Attempt any **four** parts of the following :
- (a) Determine all invertible residue classes modulo 25 and determine their inverses.
- (b) Define Group, Semi Group and Sub Group. Determine all the primitive roots of 13.
- (c) Write RSA algorithm for encryption and decryption and explain the reasons behind choice for various parameters of the algorithm.
- (d) Discuss the design of S-Box of AES. How it differs from the S-Boxes of DES.
- (e) Using Fermat's theorem, obtain $3^{201} \text{ mod } 11$.
- (f) Write and explain the Miller Rabin primality test. Apply Miller-Rabin Algorithm using base 2 to test whether the number 561 is composite or not.
3. Attempt any **two** parts of the following :
- (a) Consider a n -bit hash function H . H is applied to k random inputs. Prove that probability of at least one duplicate (i.e. $H(x) = H(y)$ for some distinct x, y) is more than $\frac{1}{2}$ for $k = \sqrt{2^n}$.
- (b) What properties should a digital signature scheme satisfy ? Describe the Signature generation process of Digital Signature Standard.

- (c) (i) What is difference between weak collision resistance and strong collision resistance ?
- (ii) What is the order of effort required to launch birthday attack on SHA.
- (iii) With DSS, why do signatures of the same message, signed on different occasions, differ ?

4. Attempt any **two** parts of the following :

- (a) Describe how Diffie-Hellman algorithm used for key exchange is vulnerable to man in the middle attack ? Determine the shared secret key in a Diffie Hellman scheme with a common prime 71 and primitive root 7. Given the private keys of the communicating parties A and B are 5 and 12 respectively.
- (b) What were the requirements defined for Kerberos. Write and explain the sequence of message exchanges in Kerberos Version 4.
- (c) Give a general format of PGP message. Why does PGP generate a signature before applying compression ?

5. Write short notes on any **two** of the following :

- (a) Secure Electronic Transaction (SET)
- (b) Firewalls
- (c) Intrusion detection.